

ABSTRACT

The present invention relates to novel conjugates between polypeptide variants of protein C and a non-polypeptide moiety, such as PEG or sugar moieties. In particular, the present invention provides novel protein C conjugates having an increased resistance to inactivation by e.g. human plasma and α_1 -antitrypsin. Consequently, such conjugates have an increased *in vivo* half-life. Preferred examples include protein C conjugates, wherein at least one additional *in vivo* N-glycosylation site has been introduced. The conjugates of the invention are useful for treating a variety of diseases, including septic shock.

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